The Word from Mexico
by Geoffroy de Laforcade

As happens so often at GSU, students, faculty and staff had the immense good fortune of hosting a distinguished guest in excellent spirits, who spoke and candidly of a living humankind in Jean-Bertrand Aristide Haiti? Well, yes— Tuesday preceding the success of Conference on however, a much speaker took the Engbreton Hall, of the College of Sciences and the English Program. And of are of having past and (likely) a humanist extraordinary wisdom, it is worth noting that Miguel Alvarez Gandara dropped in almost unannounced to deliver, unintentionally, a brilliant stage-warming lecture of his own. Both men have figured prominently in notable recent struggles to cast the coming era in an idiom of revitalized hope for the Americas and the world.

Alvarez Gandara served as the general Secretary of the National Mediation Commission that negotiated between the indigenous Zapatista National Liberation Front and the Mexican government from 1994 to 1998. Still the official spokesperson for ongoing mediation efforts in that beleaguered Latin American nation, he has given new meaning to the notion of reality.

Scholarly pursuits
by Cindy Kansoer-Schneider

Governors State University will be deprived of the cheerful attitude and intellectual stimulus of Dr. Jacque Kilpatrick, English professor, College of Arts and Sciences, the first half of 2000. She will be greatly missed.

She is the recipient of a Fulbright Foundation Senior Scholar Award; it is an award for people recognized in their field. Its purpose is to foster intellectual pursuits.

This award is part of the Fulbright Teacher and Administrator Exchange Program. The Office of Global Educational Programs conducts a national competition for international teaching, administrator, and seminar awards. The State Department’s Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs is responsible for and administers the award.

Investing in the future
by Cindy Kansoer-Schneider

"For Your Investment in the Future" engraved in a citation awarded to Dr. Rashidah Jaami' Muhammad, professor of English and Secondary Education at Governors State University, celebrated her devotion to the future of many youths. Muhammad was honored at The Jihad Bashir Support Foundation’s Fourth Annual "Investing In Our Future: fund-raiser, "Unsung Heroes" dinner, October 16, 1999. Jihad Bashir was an exceptional child who was known for caring and sharing with "the young as well as the old." He wanted to be a scientist, but also enjoyed painting, drawing, dancing, and singing. Bashir met with an untimely death and did not realize his dreams and full potential. In his memory, The Jihad Bashir Support Foundation is dedicated to encouraging and assisting young people reach their fullest potential and goals.

In addition to teaching English and Secondary Education, Muhammad

Reality is globalization
by Cindy Kansoer-Schneider

"One indisputable (fact) is that globalization is here," stated Larry Levinson, Governors State University, conference co-chair. Saturday, October 30th, GSU continued its tradition of exposing its community to diversity and promoting understanding among people through the Millennium Conference: Globalization.

The introduction to the Millennium Conference presented by Levinson explained that globalization encompasses financial issues, the environment as one ecosystem, interdependent military, and concern for communications.

The Millennium Conference coverage on pages 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 & 9

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The ‘treasure chest’ by Cindy Kansoer-Schneider

Cindy Kansoer-Schneider, editor-in-chief (X4517)

To rehash two-week old news, Pat Buchanan jumped ship on the Grand Old Party (GOP). Some of the issues mentioned in his October 25th speech make sense and some are—in my opinion—archaic and definitely self-centered. Keep in mind that it is not the validity of his remarks that I question, but the sincerity with which he says them.

Buchanan stated that our two parties (of government) have become nothing but “two wings of the same bird of prey.” Both have supported the extension of nuclear war guarantees to the borders of Russia, the illegal war on Serbia, IMF bailouts of corrupt regimes, and they voted for MFN trade privileges for a Communist Chinese regime that targets missiles on American cities.

Both parties are addicted to money (if Bush does not win the nomination, guess who keeps the ‘treasure chest’ of campaign funds?) and write laws with lobbyists peering over their shoulders. “... neither fights today with conviction and courage to rescue God’s country from the private sector and moral pit into which she has fallen.”

He points out that the American worker is over-worked, over-taxed, and under-paid, the American worker already knows that.

Buchanan stated that candidates “... need not apply, as both parties seek out the hollow men, the malleable men, willing to read from teleprompters.” He has painted a picture of doom for this country as “... this is our last chance to save our republic, before she disappears into the great black hole of World War...”

After wading through scores of ‘what is wrong with America and its politics’ (or political parties), I was becoming curious as to whether he had some solutions to our dilemmas. About two-thirds of the way through his speech I happened upon something resembling ‘problem-solving’: “... the first step to restore that moral is to evict from the Bully Pulpit of the Oval Office, our own Elmer Gantry, Mr. Clinton, whose desecration of that temple of our civilization, and squallid behavior (he forgot ‘draft dodger’), renders him unfit to serve as Commander in Chief of the Armed Forces of the United States.” This statement sounds good until it is realized that Clinton is on his way out; that’s what all the hoopla is all about.

Buchanan stated that Americans “... are a good and generous people” (agreed), we have a tradition “... of being first at the scene of natural disasters...” (agreed), that tradition shall be maintained (agreed), “... the IMF bailouts of deadbeat dictators must end” (agreed), and “... we must phase out foreign aid...” (oh-oh, we’re getting into a problem here.). I have a simpler solution to keeping foreign aid and yet not tax the populace half to death or rely on the IMF to bail out our junk bond fund such endeavors. What if the unused campaign funds were to be channeled into foreign aid?

Continuing on his rampage, Buchanan believes that he can keep this country out of “... wars that are not in his country’s quarrer.” He wants to bring our soldiers home. This makes sense but he also wants to “... rebuild our military might and morale so no nation will dare attack us.” The problem with the last five wars that we managed to get into is that we were not attacked; we attacked or were attacked. We sent our soldiers to the enemy line. Granted, we may have been invited into the wars (usually termed ‘police action’), but we were not attacked.

I remained baffled until I began to see the pattern that Buchanan was using. It was the old ploy of flag-waving patriotism. He wants to phase out foreign aid to alleviate taxes, prevent foreign trade to give the American people their jobs back and raise their wages, stop immigration to alleviate the congestion of the population and the drain on the social assistance programs, and build a mighty military to re-establish our image of a ‘super power.’ It was at the end of the flag-waving that Buchanan made his pitch. He was a back door for my tastes...

“America needs a Government of National Unity and Reconciliation that draws from the best of all parties, and I promise you: I will create that kind of government... America alone still endures, independent and free... That is our goal and it is that in the name of the Founding Fathers, we go forth to rescue America, and we will not quit this fight as long as there is breath within us.” Dramatic, yes? It gets worse—or better, depending on your point of view.

Evison a patriot, standing on a hill facing a foreign army, waving the American flag, as he cries out to the enemy. Buchanan’s final statement here is from some novel or movie in a Paul Revere style: “God save the Republic, and God bless America.”

Everything has been said like a true politician. What distinguishes Buchanan from the other contestants in the ‘Money Pit’ is that he has made it very clear what he intends to screw up, where the others keep us guessing.

I wonder why Buchanan jumped ship. Did he leave because of his strong beliefs that he can make this a better country or was he afraid that there was too much competition in the GOP and the Reform Party offered little resistance for getting nominated? For that matter, what is he going to do with his ‘treasure chest’? I can guess to what he’s not going to do with it.

Neediest Children’s Christmas Fund

Perhaps the only scenario more sorrowful than a needy child is a child who has nothing during the holiday season. Through no fault of their families, there are many children who cannot perceive what is a holiday meal or what is warm clothing. For them, there is neither Christmas tree nor packages to be placed under it.

Hunger hurts! Cold hurts! Being forgotten hurts the most!

Virginia Cunningham has understood the needs of children for many years and she has worked to alleviate some of the misery for the children by collecting for the Neediest Children’s Christmas Fund. This year’s goal is set at $5,000. The last count given to the INNOVATOR totaled approximately $3,500 collected, leaving a deficit of $1,500. There is less than two months remaining to reach the goal.

The Governors State University community has been exceedingly generous in the past years; everyone has helped, not only to meet the goal, but also to exceed it. This year does not look like it will be an exception.

In an effort to assist Cunningham in meeting the 1999 goal, the INNOVATOR makes this offer:

Donations for the Neediest Children’s Christmas Fund will reflect a percentage off of advertisement.

*the dollar amount will reflect the percentage off of the ad upon to 25 percent.

*the ad can be either display or classified.

*the ad must be run by the end of the year 2000.

Here’s how it works:

Donations must be made in check form made out to the Neediest Children’s Christmas Fund. Send it to the INNOVATOR either by U.S. mail, intercampus mail, or drop it off at room A2134. The amount of the donation will be the amount of percentage off of an ad. A voucher will be issued to the individual(s) reflecting the percentage. A separate list will be kept in the INNOVATOR office with the same information as above, and an ad placed the voucher and/or listings will be checked and the appropriate percentage of the cost will be deducted.

Restrictions: pornography or other sexual connotations, ethnic, racial, or cultural slurs, and libelous content will not be accepted.

In addition, anyone donating through the INNOVATOR will appear on a special greeting card published in the Christmas issue of this publication.
Before we begin...

I would like to advise everyone that, if you just looked to this page for a quick laugh, you may as well turn the page right now, you aren’t going to find it here. Today, I want to discuss a few things slightly more serious and dear to my heart than humor. I’ll be funny next time – I promise. Thank You.

On the sanctity of life...

"Whose woods these are I think I know. His house is in the village, though; He will not see me stopping here. To watch his woods fill up with smoke.

Ladies and gentlemen, we have now officially left the months of summer behind us. Now, as the sky grows darker, and the wind blows colder, we can almost smell the snow that is preparing to fall upon us, blanketing the earth and all things of ease with that which is colder, we can almost smell the snow that is preparing to fall upon us, blanketing the earth and all things of ease, the ground and erasing the unpleasantness of the year we have watched slowly slip behind us. I anticipate the nearness of the cold I err and lose something for

If you want it.

But this has not been all dark blotches upon the soul of man. We have seen the oppressed minorities of our nation given the rights and recognition they always deserved under the law, but were consistently denied. We have seen the fall of tyrannical governments, and the rise of revolutionary life-saving knowledge which lets us help those in need. Truly, some good has come out of this.

"If gives his harness bells a shake - To ask if there is some mistake - The only other sound's the sweep of easy wind and downy flake."

Finally, many people have come and gone. We have been shown that there is no guarantee of life in any individual's contract with the universe; instead, we have seen time and time again that the only guarantee lies with the universe and our approaching mortality. I cannot name all of the great individuals who have been lost to us, for fame itself is not the qualifier of greatness; however, I will mention a few whose loss I feel deprived all of us of something special. Martin Luther King, Jr. and Malcolm X were both great leaders who fought to see that their people were afforded what they deserved, and both were slain by assassin's bullets. I feel deprived all of us of some good has come out of this.

"My little horse must think it queer - To stop without a farm-house near - Between the woods and frozen lake - The darkest evening of the year."

Great numbers of innocents have been slaughtered on our tiny little planet. Violence has been reaching stratospheric visage time and time again, and each time, the collective face of mankind has been scarred a little deeper. Watching the news, we have seen the horrific faces of refugees fleeing a war they had no desire to fight, we have seen hatemongers spew their vile decrees of insensitivity and intolerance, and we have seen people, completely ignorant of the facts, spout their views on issues that never have, and will never truly touch their souls. Thanks to their fellow man's unwillingness to help, the Jewish people were almost destroyed. The Dalai Lama was forcibly exiled from his people by a regime that cared not for religion. Freedom of thought and freedom of speech were crushed repeatedly across the world, and nothing was done about it. Boils of Russians were purged by a paranoid, oppressive regime, and our own government subjugated the rights and individual freedoms of millions of oriental citizens during war. We can feel coldness, a coldness wherever we choose; we can blame politicians, we can blame evil, we can even blame God. But none fought to see that their people were afforded what they deserved, and both were slain by assassin's bullets. I simply ask that you show them pity, and may never receive a gift to keep, - And miles to go before I sleep. - And miles to go before I sleep."

Robert Frost

On the Turning Away

"On the turning away Frost, "The pale and droll

And the words they say which we won't understand Don't accept that what's happen ing is just a case of others' suffering Or you'll find that you're joining The turning away"

Now, as we approach this holiday season, I was wondering if you could possibly do me a small favor. You see, as we begin to get ready for the traditions and gatherings with which we annually mark the passage of time, we begin to forget about people outside our immediate circle of acquaintances. We are simply too busy to bother ourselves with inconsequential items. I want you to do something extraordinary; I want you to be kind to your fellow man.

"It's a sin that somehow must be atoned And casting it's throe's.

Over all we have known Unaware how the ranks have grown Driven on by a heart of stone

In the dream of the proud -

In our nation, no matter how prosperous we may be, we must acknowledge our obligation to help those less fortunate than ourselves. They may not be less wealthy, they may not be ill or infirm, but they may simply have a profound lack of kindness in their lives. They may be despised by those they work with or have prom ises will be kept, no matter how much we remember these people, every person on this earth, whether they are cruel or kind, whether they are loving or hateful, whether they are forgiving or spiteful, every single human being will take a little part of some other individual with them when they pass, even if it is just the small part which never gave up hope of reconciliation.

For this reason, I have chosen to perform a ritual which I encourage each one of you to take part in, every day, when you leave for work, when you go to sleep for the night, when you sit down to eat, when you go to bed, when you fall asleep. And when you wake up, you will have gotten a chance to be kind to others, and may feel profoundly empty, and weak, and alone. For these people, kindness is more than a gesture. It make life worth living for another day.

On the wings of the night and the dawn

Where the speechless unite silent accord Using words which will not die are Meremembered as they light the flame Feel the new wind of change On the wings of the night"

Finally, I also ask you to be courteous to people you may find unpleasant to deal with, the poor and the homeless. I am not going to ask you to sacrifice time, or financial means, for I cannot afford to do so, and to assume that you can be an asinine presumption on my part. Rather, I simply ask that you show them kindness and compassion. Do not show them pity, for they do not desire it, nor should you deign to view them as pathetic. I simply ask that you treat them with the same kindness and respect you hope to receive from others. Thank you very much.

No more turning away.

"From the weak and the weary No more turning away From the cold and the side Just a world that we all must share It's not enough just to stand and stare Is it only a dream that there'll be No more turning away?"
Globalization and Its Impact
by Oscar W. Mardis

The Millennium Conference was the place to be on October 30, 1999. Several guest lecturers from academia and industry wowed us with exciting stories and information about some of the possibilities that are in store for the world in the first years of the millennium. I attended the afternoon session at a conference entitled "Globalization and Its Impact on Labor and the Environment." Although that title was long, the discussions were brief and to the point. The panel of guests was moderated by Dr. Larry McClellan, Director, South Metropolitan Regional Leadership Center (SMRLC). The guests panelists included: Mr. David Moberg, Senior Editor, In These Times, Ms. Queta Bauer, Communications Consultant, Amnesty International, and Dr. John McCormick, Professor of Political Science, Indiana University at Indianapolis.

The majority of the presentations called for rich industrialized nations (like the U.S.) to start looking out for the poorer nations subjected to the woes of unfair labor practices brought on by multinational companies that thrive on them. The first panelist, Mr. Moberg, suggested that there be an increase in equality — globally. Large corporations from around the world seem to invade the poorer countries that have the land, labor, and resources needed to stear their corporate agendas. Once these companies set up shop, they tend to pry on these countries poorer citizens who are desperately seeking a means to feed and provide for their families. These low wage earners are known to accept pay well below that of the origin country from which these companies are based. Mr. Moberg stated that once these companies arrive in these "Third World" countries, there is a "decline in unionization, depression of wages, and a disruption in the economy."

Since the purpose of this conference session was to be based on the relationship between globalization and its impact on labor and the environment, Mr. Moberg threw a few statistics to show the connections. He stated that since the 1960s, the top 20% of wage earners in the higher income brackets outnumbered the "Third World" countries' top 20% of wage earners in the higher income brackets. Mr. Moberg stated that once these companies arrive in these countries, there is a "decline in unionization, depression of wages, and a disruption in the economy." Once these companies set up shop, they tend to pry on these countries poorer citizens who are desperately seeking a means to feed and provide for their families. These low wage earners are known to accept pay well below that of the origin country from which these companies are based. Mr. Moberg stated that once these companies arrive in these "Third World" countries, there is a "decline in unionization, depression of wages, and a disruption in the economy."

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When a company sets up its business in another country, part of their policies and actions should be to promote human rights issues. Companies cannot afford to divest themselves from protecting and furthering the cause for human rights where they do business. FLA monitors are welcomed to look for predators that violate the rights of workers, however, in poorer countries the norm is to get the job done with the cheapest labor possible. Most Americans can remember or look back in our history and find when some of these conditions were a part of our normal working lives. Now that some of us may have a better standard of living we forget that sometimes history repeats itself. The large multinational corporation is stronger and more powerful than ever with the vast capital resources that they control. These companies can make a better difference if human rights fit into the top five issues on their corporate agenda. However, Ms. Bauer says that companies feel that no matter what they do, activists are never happy.

The final panelist was Dr. Larry McCormick, Professor of Political Science, Indiana University at Indianapolis. Dr. McCormick was the only panelist to dive right in to the environmental part of the session. He informed the audience of the growing global environmental problems that are spread around the world by multinational corporations. One item in particular that he focused on was sustainable development (or conservation). I personally thought that this was a topic echoed from one of my panelist to dive right into the environmental part of the session. He in his presentation of their views and opinions. Although there were no corporations available to voice their opinions to one-side discussions, the panelists reframed from painting the grimmest picture of corporations that most people desire to work for employed by.

Bank contributes to urban economic development by Henry Stuttle

While larger banks drown their customers in debt by charging overwhelming fees and high interest rates on loans and credit cards, smaller financial institutions aid the economic development of communities. Shorebank is one such small institution that has assisted low and moderate income residents on the south and west sides of Chicago by providing credit for rental rehab and homeownership, according to the president of Shorebank, Mary Houghton. She stated, "We financed in the last 12 years, 1,000 apartment buildings, all by African-American homeowners who are purchasing high-quality, affordable rental housing and accumulating wealth in the process."

Houghton expressed her pleasure with Shorebank during the Globalization: Its Opportunities and Challenges for the 21st Century conference, Saturday, October 30th at Governors State University's Center for the Performing Arts.

Houghton, who has been the president since 1973, said Shorebank is contributing to a project on the corner of 71st Street and South Shore Drive. "It contains 80 units of townhouses and condominiums," she said, "This is the first new housing development that has occurred in South Shore in the last fifty years and it is a really big deal for the area when it happens."

"This year we'll make $100 million of those loans in Chicago and in three to four years we'll make $200 million," Houghton explained, "And think 25 years ago, we were at $1 million. So there has been a revolution in credit markets as it relates to those ordinary people."

Houghton said the Community Reinvestment Act, which calls for financial institutions to invest in neighboring communities, has created more competition from larger banks. "Bank of American promised a year ago that it would disburse $350 billion into low and moderate income households as a result of a merger," she said, "The median $14 million an hour of community development financed over five years."

"The competition is good because we will be smarter and quicker and find the next frontier that they (banks) haven't discovered yet and keep pushing it out," said Houghton.

Shorebank has contributed to the urban development in the east sides of Cleveland and Detroit, and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan and the Pacific Northwest.
Jean-Bertrand Aristide: 
"It's possible!"
by Cindy Kansoer-Schneider

"I'm very delighted to be with you with my heart," pronounced Jean-Bertrand Aristide, former president of Haiti and president of the Aristide Foundation for Democracy, "As an instrument (his heart)—a human one—it is singing!"

Intertwining anecdotal stories, Aristide focused on the value of humanity rather than finance in relationship to globalization and the ensuing millennium.

"Money is not what is in shortest supply in globalization," he stated, pointing out that there must be a reassessment of values.

In Haiti, people gather face-to-face to trade. They exchange laughter, gossip, and they touch. This is what Aristide calls 'high touch.'

"High touch helps to sustain us," he said.

He did not infer that Haiti does not welcome change and/or technology. There are plans being implemented for Internet connections to be established in every village. This information would help to establish what crops to plant and in what quantity.

But Aristide believes that 'high touch' must be brought to high tech, "Globalization has to be human."

From 1995 to 2001, global income will approximately rise from $212 billion to $510 billion, while the poor countries will gross approximately $600 million in income. Low-income countries are importing many more goods than they are exporting and their national debts are increasing drastically. With the approach of the new millennium, the Third World countries are calling for forgiveness of their debts.

Aristide stated, "In the bible it says every 50 years calls for celebration and forgiveness of debt." He pointed out that $6 billion (for three years) would put every child in the world in school.

"95 percent of Haitians are illiterate," he said, "but they are very bright."

Plans are being made with MCI Telecom that will bring $86 million into Haiti's economy. Other corporations will invest $10 million.

Aristide also stated (during the Plenary Panel) that it is not merely a choice between whether to globalize or not. He was entertaining a group of children at his home. Aristide asked one of the children, Florence, about the pool. There is a shortage of clean water in Haiti and it may very well be that she had never seen a large amount of clean water at one time.

"Is it a small pool or a big pool?" queried Aristide. "It is a beautiful pool," Florence responded.

Aristide offered Florence a choice in beverages and teasing her, asked, "Do you want rum or do you want Coke?"

Florence responded, "I prefer juice."

Pointing out that there is always a third choice, Aristide stated, "Globalization is nothing if (we do not) explore the human field to find the best solutions." Negotiations have to be undertaken to discover what can be best for both sides.

"Every three seconds a child dies in the world," he stated, "Investing in human beings is investing in a third choice."

It is a goal that by the year 2004, the 85 percent illiterate population of Haiti will become 85 percent literate.

Aristide believes that this is a viable goal. Reminiscing about his exile in the United States (December 1991 to October 1994), he spoke of the Haitian people's hopes and enduring beliefs.

The people believed that Aristide would return, but other factions announced "Don't talk about Aristide; he won't be back." An advertisement pictured a huge chicken with a finger pushing just as large of an egg back into the fowl. Aristide's restoration to his presidency is proof that you can push the egg back into the chicken.

Since Aristide's return, military spending in Haiti has been decreased to zero. The funds that would be spent on the military are now reinvested into health and education. There has been a concentrated effort to provide more health care facilities and personnel and schools with teachers.

He assures everyone that there is not—nor will be—only one political party. The right of free speech for the people is also assured.

Aristide was very eloquent when fielding questions from the audience, though many questions where exceedingly political and argumentative. He remained focused on the primary objective of the conference, that being the human aspects of globalization.

The final question presented to him: "Will you run for the presidency in 2002?"

Aristide's restoration to his presidency is proof that you can push the egg back into the chicken.

Aristide's philosophy applied to any endeavor:

"It's possible!"
The word continued from front page

public service, and offered frontal insights into the value of blending enlightened scholarship with social commitment.

At the heart of his lecture stood the indigenous Mayan peoples of Chiapas and their valiantly challenging campaign for an overhaul of the colonial legacy in Mexico. Much to the surprise of his audience, however, he also appealed to the humble aspirations of the people of the United States, and the scores of Mexicans who have enriched this nation's cultural and civic patrimony over the past century and a half.

"We in Mexico," he remarked, "have no other choice but to democratize our institutions and build the foundations of a new civil society. Since many of us are here, to the north of our homeland, that challenge carries over to the United States as well." The outpouring of North American sympathy for the Zapatista cause is one indication, for Alvarez Gandara, that globalization is pregnant with a new humanism that transcends national borders and promises to empower people in exciting new ways. Despite a straightforward, often pessimistic evaluation of the short-term prospects for meaningful reconciliation and reform in Mexico, this speaker conveyed a true sense of the power and imagination contained in the rebellion of the Zapatistas and their platform for an ongoing peaceful revolution.

Ever since the 1994 New Year's Day uprising that propelled them onto the world stage, EZLN militants have shown that the guerrilla mythology of Emiliano Zapata and Ernesto Che Guevara still inspires hope for the poor indigenous peasants of the Mexican countryside. Decades of patient community organizing and grassroots liberation theology equipped the people of Chiapas with strong political and ethical arguments for a principled stand, against both neo-liberal structural adjustment trends and the central government policies. What is new, however, is that this movement for dignity, justice and a new kind of social transformation no longer postulates the violent seizure of state power. Nor, our guest suggested, does it envision the national electoral arena as the sole theater of political change. What the Zapista rebellion stands for is patient political networking and civil empowerment among the self-described role as a negotiator: "This Mexican regime has ar

Elway to do away with the old order, it is the indigenous peoples who are now the advocates of change. The goal of the coming millennium is nearly arrived and as Levinson pointed out, "Globalization is a reality."

self-described role as a negotiator. Since a lasting peace cannot be achieved within the status quo, third parties must participate in the search for entirely new forms of political action and civic participation. Will Russians and Chechens, Serbs and Albanians, Palestinians and Puerto Ricans, or suburbanites and inner-city residents in the United States hear their message?" 

Miguel Alvarez Gandara and Jean-Bertrand Aristide came all the way out here to pitch their message of guarded optimism and faith in people. Perhaps they can make our own small niche in the emerging global village, we might find ways to make them proud that they did.
Globalizing Human Solidarity

Speech of Jean-Bertrand Aristide
For the Millenium Conference on Globalization
Governors State University
October 30, 1999

It is a pleasure to be here with you today—and I thank Governors State University for the invitation to speak to you.

In Haiti there is an anecdote that is often told. A morgue worker is about to dispose of a dozen corpses. One living soul lifts himself off the table, shakes his head and declares, "I am not dead!" The morgue worker answers, "Yes you are. The doctors say that you are dead, so lie down."

I sometimes use this anecdote to describe my Lazard country—which has been pronounced dead by experts many times in our history—though we stubbornly continue to survive.

But it is just as apt to describe the 1.3 million people in the world who are today living on less than one dollar a day. They struggle against death each day. And against the prescription of the experts, they survive. As we speak today of the Millennium and of this era of Globalization let us keep their ingenuity, their creativity and their strength in mind.

Usually when we talk about Globalization images of speed and change spring to mind: vast networks of communications of all kinds, rapid travel, free trade, open markets, a proliferation of consumer goods, higher standards of living, the dual promises of a rising economic tide that will lift all boats and a world brought closer together.

On the other hand, the critiques of Globalization are becoming almost as familiar: the destruction of local cultures, the exhaustion of our planet, the powerlessness or even irrelevance of national governments in the face of huge multinational corporations, the ravages of structural adjustment programs in Third World countries.

Let me take another example from our work at the Aristide Foundation in Haiti. In August high school and University students began a literacy campaign with the Foundation. The students, who are volunteers, committed to teach their elders how to read and write. As compensation we are offering all these young people the possibility to learn to use a computer and access the Internet.

The active participation of the poor themselves in building their future will breathe life into the process. And there are elements of Globalization that strengthen the possibilities for participation. Can we imagine peasant farmers with access to the internet able to get information on world commodity prices before they plant? Can we imagine peasant farmers with access to the internet able to get information on world commodity prices before they plant?

At another level this participative quality can be seen in the proliferation of civil society networks and organizations pressing for a say in decision making processes of governments, and international institutions. The pressure they bring to bear may slowly lead to the global changes that will be necessary to enable the local ones.

Changes in access to information and communications give those who have not previously had a voice the chance to participate. In Port-au-Prince right now there is a small radio station broadcasting each day: 200,000 children live on the streets of Port-au-Prince. Radio Timoun is their radio station. Children are the reporters, the announcers and the technicians. I listen every day to hear what they have to say.
Monday, November 8, 1999

INNOVATOR

They report the news from a child's point of view, they interview children in the prisons, and broadcast stories from the General Hospital calling on the government to improve health care for kids.

One of the young journalists is a very bright seven-year-old named Berthony. One day some American volunteers were teaching a group of children English. They had the children repeat the simple phrase "Give me water." When the kids answered correctly they would give the kids chocolate. Then they asked Berthony to repeat the phrase as well. Berthony responded, "Give me chocolate." They asked him, "Why don't you say water?" He said, "I am not thirsty."

The children know what they want – it is up to the adults to listen.

Another sign of hope is the increasingly dynamic role played by women and women's organizations throughout the world. While I was President women held major cabinet posts for the first time in Haiti. We had 15 women ministers in three governments, including a Prime Minister, Minister of Foreign Affairs, Ministers of Finance, Education, Information and Labor. It made a difference. Studies around the world have shown that when household budgets are in the hands of women, they are more likely to be spent for primary needs (food, education, and health care). I predict that when the budgets of nations are in the hands of women we will see the same result.

Women, children and the poor must be the subjects, not the objects of history. They must sit at the decision-making tables and fill the halls of power. They must occupy the radio airwaves, talking to and calling to account those who would lead them.

Many in the first world imagine the amount of money spent on aid to developing countries is massive. In fact, it amounts to only 0.3% of GNP of the industrialized nations. Meanwhile in 1995, severely indebted low-income countries paid one billion dollars in debt and interest more to the IMF than they received from it. Between 1980 and 1996 Sub-Saharan Africa reimbursed twice the amount of its external debt, yet it finds itself today three times more indebted than it was 16 years ago. And the foreign debt service for these 46 countries of Sub-Saharan Africa is currently four times their combined governmental health and education budgets.

Voices throughout the world are calling for a Jubilee for the Millennium with forgiveness of third world debt. In the Bible every 50th year is the jubilee year – a time for celebration and forgiveness of debt. Is the third world debt too much to forgive? It weighs heavily on the futures of hundreds of millions of people, but is roughly equal to the sum traded each day on the world currency markets.

Debt forgiveness is the kind of global measure that could have deep local impacts, in the villages, in the cities, in the shantytowns. Imagine the resources that would be freed for investing in people. This is the kind of Solidarity that could humanize Globalization.

I say when anyone, anywhere in the world is hungry, I am hungry. When anyone anywhere in the world is suffering, I suffer. What kind of Globalization will help us to affirm this simple statement? It would take only six billion dollars a year, for three years in addition to what is already spent, to put every child in the world in school. Does this seem like a lot? It represents less than 1% of world military spending, another potentially rich source of funds that could be freed for investing in people. In Haiti our military used to absorb 40% of our national budget. When I returned to Haiti in 1994 after the three year military coup d'etat, the Haitian people who had suffered so much at the hands of this military asked for it to be disbanded. In a true expression of Democracy, government and people together, we dismantled the Haitian army, bringing Haitian military spending down to zero, an historic step in our struggle to eradicate poverty.

The United Nations Human Development Report for 1997 said poverty is no longer inevitable. "The world has the material and natural resources, the know-how and people to make a poverty-free world a reality in less than a generation." This is not a dream, it is a real possibility in our lifetime. They go on to say "The costs of eradicating poverty are less than people imagine – about 1% of global income and no more than 2-3% of national income in all but the poorest nations. About 80 billion dollars a year is needed. This is equal to the wealth of the 7 richest people in the world."

In this sense it is not really a question of money – there is more than enough. What is required is that we awake from our market-induced slumber, shake ourselves and tell the experts that human solidarity is not dead, avail ourselves of high-touch – break the paradigm – open up possibilities – globalize human solidarity.

This is the challenge of the next century.

Thank you.

From the left, clockwise: Professor Geoffroy de Lafargue, President Jean-Bertrand Aristide, and the president's assistant Laura Flynn

He said, "I am not thirsty."

"Give me water."

"Why don't you say water?"

"I am not thirsty."

"Give me chocolate."

"Give me water."

"Why don't you say water?"

"I am not thirsty."
Humor

The INNOVATOR staff was first amused by the following list by Don Bell a few months ago; the list has resurfaced and is printed for your amusement:

From: lucent.com
To: cyndil@worldnet.att.net
Subject: boy do I feel old—

Each year the staff at Beloit College in Wisconsin puts together a list to try to give the faculty a sense of the mindset of that year’s incoming freshmen.

Here is this year’s list.

• The people who are starting college this fall were born in 1980.
• They have no meaningful recollection of the Reagan Era and do not know he had ever been shot.
• They were pre-pubescent when the Persian Gulf War was waged.
• Black Monday, 1987, is as significant to them as the Great Depression.
• There has only been one Pope. They can only really remember one President.
• They were 11 when the Soviet Union broke apart, and they do not remember the Cold War.
• They have never feared nuclear war. “The Day After” is a pul to them, not a movie.
• They are too young to remember the space shuttle blowing up.
• Tanamen Square means nothing to them.
• Their lifetime has included AIDS.
• Bottles caps have always been screw-off and plastic.
• Albums are replaced by CD-ROMs.
• The expression “you sound like a broken record” means nothing to them.
• They have never owned a record player.
• They have likely never played PacMan and have never heard of Pong.
• Star Wars looks very fake to them, and the special effects are pathetic.
• There have always been red M&Ms and blue ones are not new. There used to be beige ones.
• They may have heard of an 8-track, but probably never have seen one.
• The compact disc was introduced when they were 1 year old.
• As far as they know, stamps have always cost about 33 cents.
• They have always had an answering machine.
• Most have never seen a TV with only 13 channels, nor have they seen a black-and-white TV.
• They have always had cable.
• They have always had VCRs, but they have no idea what Beta is.
• They cannot fathom not having a remote control.
• They were born in the year that the Walkman was introduced by Sony.
• Roller-skating has always meant in-line for them.
• The Tonight Show has always been with Jay Leno.
• Pokémon has always been cooked in the microwave.
• They have no idea that Americans were ever held hostage in Iran.
• “They don’t know who Mork was or where he was from.”
• They don’t care who shot J.R. They don’t know who J.R. is.
• McDonald’s never came in styrofoam containers.
• They cannot imagine what hard contact lenses are.
• There has always been MTV.

From: Law_Resourcesowner
To: cyndil@worldnet.att.net

Dumb Criminal Stories

A bank called the police and reported some money stolen from the night depository box. It is virtually impossible to steal from them because you can’t get your hand into the box for the hopper. When the police got there, all they found was water on the ground and the contents in the box were wet. They came to the conclusion that the thief filled the box up with water allowing the loose paper money to rise to the top. Of course, the coinage and money that was in a bank zipper bag was still there. When the money floated to the top all the thief had to do was rotate the hopper handle and it acted as a scoop. In this manner he proceeded to use the depository as a free ATM machine. They never did find out who did it.

Did You Know?

Did you know that back in 1895, the New York City Police Department formed a bicycle squad to slow down horse-drawn carriages. The two-wheeling, 29-officer squad made 1,366 arrests for speeding that year alone.

From: Chitownet@aol.com
Mean Moms

We had the meanest mother in the whole world! While other kids ate candy for breakfast, we had to have cereal, eggs, and toast. When others had a Pepsi and a Twinkie for lunch, we had to eat sandwiches. And you can guess our mother fixed us dinner that was different from what other kids had, too. Mother insisted on knowing where we were at all times. You’d think we were convicts in a prison. She had to know who our friends were, and what we were doing with them. She insisted that if we said we would be gone for an hour, we would be gone for an hour or less.

We were ashamed to admit it, but she had the nerve to break the Child Labor Laws by making us work. We had to wash the dishes, make the beds, learn to cook, vacuum the floor, do laundry, and all sorts of crude jobs. I think she would like awake at night thinking of more things for us to do.

She always insisted on us telling the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. By the time we were teenagers, she could read our minds.

Then, life was really tough! Mother wouldn’t let our friends just honk the horn when they drove up. They had to come up to the door so she could meet them.

While everyone else could date when they were 12 or 13, we had to wait until we were 16.

Because of our mother we missed out on lots of things other kids experienced. None of us have ever been caught shoplifting, vandalizing other’s property, or ever arrested for any crime. It was all her fault.

Now that we have left home, we are all God-fearing, educated, honest adults. We are doing our best to be mean parents just like Mom was. I think that’s what’s wrong with the world today. It just doesn’t have enough mean moms anymore.

Received from Roger AAC Cooper.

Tugboat-of-War

The latest focus of the budget push/pull between Congress and the White House is a tugboat. To be more precise, there are two tugboats and they seem to be missing. House Republican, Tom DeLay of Texas, stated that the Pentagon had lost two tugboats, airplane engines, and at least one rocket launcher. “I don’t know how you can lose a tugboat,” he said, saying that the Defense Department is “fraught with waste.”

Citing a General Accounting Office report on government waste, DeLay and other Republicans said that their proposal to cut discretionary spending was a reasonable way to fight waste and also avoid spending Social Security trust fund surpluses.

Democrats have rejected the cuts as “mindless” and accused the Republicans of disguising how they (Republicans) are dipping into Social Security funds.

“If you want to deal with things in a political and anecdotal way...I could find probably equipment that’s been lost by senators and congressman, I don’t think that would be too much of a stretch.” White House spokesman Joe Lockhart stated.

It still remains unexplained how anyone could lose a tugboat.

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Letter to the editor

Dear Cindy,

Regarding the spate of school shootings, on which you have written o
teresting articles in the past, I want to express my concern about the issue.

I concur that there are many factors contributing to the increase in
violence in our society; it takes more than one ingredient to make a stew (which we seem to be up to our neck in lately).

Drugs, whether they are prescribed or of the street, are certainly a major factor in many of the crimes committed. An angry person who utilizes a substance that allows an individual to cast off his/her inhibitions makes for a dangerous situation. Add the availability of a weapon and the situation turns volatile. More people are needed to address this issue. Your research of the situation is impressive and I hope it continues.

Cindy

Have an opinion?

Here's where you can voice it!

Contact extension 4517
or visit room A2134

Public Service

College of Business and Public Administration

CBPA's Student Advisory Board sponsors a Silent Auction each year, with proceeds used to build the Endowed Scholarship Fund, the only one at GSU which is supported entirely by the efforts of students. Members of the board visit local merchants to request donations of goods and services, ranging from gift certificates to jewelry, toys, and household decorative items.
Innovator continued from front page

Investing

GSU: Moving into the 21st Century

Ambitious, knowledgeable, and humorous describes the new director of ITS (Information Technology Services), Peter Mizera. He brings to GSU technology skills and management savvy. When asked why he choose GSU, he said, "I love a challenge. And he is ready to put his boots on and climb the mountain. He describes himself as someone who enjoys technology and learning new ideas. Also he feels that technology is never boring. Some of his interest besides computers are traveling, golf, and other outdoor activities.

ITS is the computing service at GSU. It controls the computer system in the university and is also the backbone. Which includes human resources, registration office, and the computer lab, also it includes computer training.

Peter Mizera has been welcomed with open arms here at GSU. He is a man who likes to get things done without procrastination. He sees and growth at potential at GSU. And he is here to assist in that growth. As director of ITS he hopes to develop standards and move GSU forward with technology. As it director his focus is how to make academic information more accessible to students. He is trying to develop registering on-line for students here at GSU. In addition to the touch-tone registration because all students do not have access to computers. Besides this project, Mr. Mizera is tirelessly working to ensure that GSU's computer system is Y2K compliant. When asked if this could be accomplished in the next 5 years. He said, "Yes but, the plan might have to be altered due to changing technology. Since technology is constantly changing GU needs to know the latest information. If you have any suggestions or questions Peter Mizera is a willing listener whose main concern is helping GSU grow and move into the 21st century.

His motto is as should everyone's be connected with the university I think I can make a difference at GSU.

From: @lucent.com

Subject: "I need you to right-click on the Open Desktop."

Tech Support: "I need you to right-click on the Open Desktop."

Customer: "OK."

Tech Support: "Did you get a pop-up menu?"

Customer: "No."

Tech Support: "OK. Right click again. Do you see a pop-up menu?"

Customer: "No."

Tech Support: "OK, sir. Can you tell me what you have done up until this point?"

Customer: "Sure, you told me to write 'click' and I wrote 'click'."

Tech Support: "Did you type 'click' with the keyboard?"

Customer: "I have done something dumb, right?"

Scholar continued from front page

educational exchange programs with the assistance of binational educational exchange commissions and foundation in 50 countries, the Public Diplomacy Section at U.S. embassies in over 85 countries, and cooperating agencies in the United States.

Kilpatrick teaches many courses, both undergraduate and graduate levels, in literature including, but not limited to, American literature, Native American literature, Shakespeare, and a variety of special literature courses. Well known for her expertise in film and plays, she will be traveling to Spain where she will be teaching/lecturing on ethnic American films and Native American literature.

Her six-month itinerary will take her to Vigo in January and February, San Diego Compostila in March and April, and Lacoruna in May and June. She will return to Governors State University in July 2000.

Kilpatrick will have a traveling companion to keep her company and while away the hours. A four-footed, furry feline, Wessa (translated from Cherokee: my cat), will enjoy the advantages of international travel with his human counterpart.

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BOOK REVIEW

Jon Macks' 'The Cannibal Lover's Cookbook'

By Trisha Kirk
Daily Bruin (U. California-Los Angeles)

(U-WIRE) LOST ANGELES—The Donner Party may have had second thoughts about their meaty cuisine, but maybe you've wondered if it really tastes like chicken. Or maybe you've eyed pudge little brother and thought what a nice rump roast he would make.

Or what do you do when you catch a victim and find, much to your dismay, that he's tough and chewy? Do you toss him in a dumpster like a New Jersey prom baby? I think not.

Although humorous in an aristocratic way, a cookbook as macabre as this one makes you wonder about its author. "I read a lot of cookbooks and I put myself in the mind of a gourmet cannibal and put in people (in the recipes)," Macks said.

The humor in "From Soup To Nuts" has its roots in one of Hollywood's finest minds.

From the bookshelf.................

BOOK REVIEW
John J. Kohut & Roland Sweet's 'Strange Tails'
by Trisha Kirk
Daily Bruin (U. California-Los Angeles)

(U-WIRE) LOS ANGELES—A cat shoots its owner in the back with a .22 rifle. A skunk relentlessly chases a woman around her house. A woman and her daughter are found living in a house with more than 1,200 rats.

"Strange Tails," a part of human life than most realize, and, therefore, deserve our attention.

Kohut and Sweet have written a fun read—especially when the reader comes across oddities like this: A woman and her daughters and sons wrapped in trash bags and had been stored in a freezer for more than a decade.

The book was written after the authors spent 15 years collecting news clippings from all over the world, some of which were even sent to them by fans of their previous "Dumb, Dumber, Dumbest" series.

"Strange Tails," chronicles more than 500 weird animal-related peculiarities.

Kohut and Sweet clearly make the point that animals are more than we give them credit for. After reading stories about our furry and feathered friends using cell phones, driving cars, choosing stocks and dialing 911 calls during emergencies, we realize that animals are more capable than the domesticated standards we expect from them.

The book includes daily newspapers, animal journals, and popular national magazines. Among the 96 references are the Los Angeles Times, "Dog World" and Newsweek magazine.

Although the slim volume is just shy of 140 pages, "Strange Tails" provides a fun read—especially when the reader comes across oddities like this: "thousands of bats descended on Sandi and Terry Dowdy's house in Tivoli, Texas, and took up residence in the attic. Terry Dowdy said that after dark, the bats leave in groups of 15 or 20 to forage for food. When they return, they often hit the windows and sides of the house trying to get back inside."

Or macabre "tails" like this: "Firefighters responding to a burning mobile home found a refrigerator full of dead cats. The more than 50 corpses were wrapped in trash bags and had been stored in a freezer for more than a decade."

But not all the stories are easy fun.

On incident, under the chapter "Animal Husbandry: The Things People Do to or with Animals," describes the case of a 28-year-old man who admitted in court to having "improper relations" with a cow in fear of getting AIDS from a human partner. His love stood true to his mooing milk-maker, when he vowed to remain faithful to the cow—even during his nine-month sentence.

Kohut and Sweet didn't miss a beat in their freaky compilation.

Even the chapter titles garner a chuckle. For instance, "Monkey's Undies: Animals Coping With Their World" and "Fur Fights Back: Animals Looking for Revenge."

The appendixes in the tail end of the book include a section on "Private Zoos," snippets about people who hoard animals in their homes.

The book also features a section titled "Wanderlust" detailing accounts of animals who have traveled the countryside not unlike Jack Kerouac.

The authors preface the book by making the point that animals are more a part of human life than most realize, and, therefore, deserve our attention.

Kohut, a political analyst for a Washington D.C. corporation, is the author of "Stupid Government Tricks: and has been collecting strange news clippings for over 20 years. Sweet is a magazine editor and columnist.

The book definitely gets the attention it's due; costing interested readers $10.95. "Strange Tails" is a bit overpriced, but it makes the perfect gift for the joker in the family, or the die hard animal rights activist who needs another bone to pick.

It's a fun read. From the bookshelf.
Macks is a self-described "joke writer: who has, under his bulging belt, three Academy Award ceremonies, the Emmy Awards, 'Hollywood Square:' and "the Tonight Show with Jay Leno."

His quick cannibalism quips and stabs at popular icons ("Chicken soup may be good for the soul but Homosapiens soup is good for the appetite") make the book a lighthearted read.

"From Soup To Nuts: followed the release of Thomas Harris's 'Hannibal," the sequel to 'Silence of the Lambs:' and an immediate bestseller. Macks and his ever-ready wit were ready to capitalize.

"Twenty million of 'Hannibal's" readers) are into the mystery, a million are just sick. That's who I cater to," he said. "Thomas Harris takes 20 pages to describe the eating of a lawyer. I thought we could have fun with this."

The book also offers a detailed account of Omnivorous' dedication to cannibalism.

"I am what the politically correct call CBC—cannibal by choice," he writes. just before launching into a brief history of cannibalism, including the Donner Party, Jeffrey Dahmer, and the Uruguay rugby team plane crash of 1972 that inspired two movies.

Omnivorous even goes so far as to recommend mood music for fine dining: 'I suggest Hall and Oates,' "Maneater,' Streisand's, 'People Who Like People,' Rod Stewart's, 'The First Cut is the Deepest,' and anything by the Fine Young Cannibals."

Macks feigned shock at the potential lack of a true cannibal readership. "Anybody reading this book is a stand-up comedy routine in print. It is not to be taken seriously. They are not to be taken seriously."

While 'Strange Tails' has some merit in it's entertainment of the reader, the titles are definitely misleading. Many of the stories have simple explanations of the occurrences and, often times, prey upon eccentric human behavior.

The "Cannibal's Cookbook" is a stand-up comedy routine in print. It is not to be taken seriously; in fact, I would not take it, period.

These two publications are just two of many books that are making the headlines. "Cannibalism is still illegal in many states—it's hard to believe that alternative lifestyles aren't accepted."

"From Soup To Nuts: dedicates itself to expressing the art of gourmet cannibal cooking and the cannibal lifestyle, a preferential way of existence still shunned by the outside world, but not for long. Macks predicts that the next alternative lifestyles aren't accepted."

Donner Party, Jeffrey Dahmer, and the Uruguay rugby team plane crash of 1972 may be good for the soul but Homosapiens soup is good for the appetite. I reserve my personal opinion as to their value if any—for a later time, but I do want to point out that if you see your child reading one of these books, don't panic. They are not what they lead people to believe they are. —Cindy

Read very carefully

provided by
Eileen Truszkowski

Around the corner I have a friend
In this great world that has no end,
Yet the days go by and weeks rush on,
And before I know it, a year is gone

And I never see my old friend's face,
For life is a swift and terrible race,
He knows I like him just as well,
As in the days when I rang his doorbell.

Yes, we were younger then,
And now we are busy, tired men,
Tired of playing a foolish game,
Tired of trying to make a name:

"Tomorrow" I say "I will call on him"
"Just to show that I'm thinking of him."
But tomorrow comes and tomorrow goes,
And distance between us grows and grows.

Around the corner - yet miles away,
"Here's a telegram sir, he died today."
And that's what happens sometimes in the end.

Around the corner, a vanished friend.

If you care for love someone, tell them.
Remember always to say what you mean.
Never be afraid to express yourself.
Take this opportunity to tell someone what they mean to you.

Seize the day and have no regrets.
Most importantly, stay close to your family and friends,
for they have helped make you the person that you are today
and they are what it's all about anyway.

Pass this along to your friends. Let it make a difference in your day and
their. The difference between expressing love and having regrets is that the
regrets may stay around forever. You reap what you sow: luck in love, people who care
for you. and that warm glowy feeling that comes from loving others....
Have you herd?

by Cindy Kansoe-Schneider

Chicago seems to be preparing for the end of the year—"Cows on Parade" to be exact. One of the craziest marketing events, the Parade may be copied by other major cities in the United States.

"Cedar Rapids is looking at cows," said Kimberly Costello of the Department of Cultural Affairs, "and the city of Columbia, South Carolina." In the meantime, a third of the herd is being rounded up for public auction, November 9th, at the Chicago Theatre. Proceeds of the auction will go to charities car-marked by the cows’ sponsors.

The unusual art exhibit has prompted some creative and in some cases, off-the-wall responses. Vandalism was to be expected, and though most of the herd was spared, a cow hospital for repairs of damaged cows was set up at State and Lake Streets. The most humorous vandalism was cow tipping when early morning rush hour provided the Chicago Police Department with the dilemma of removing a cow from the middle of State Street. The strangest part of the tipping is that the cows are anchored in a weighed base.

Cows are fiberglass (above) inspired Filthy Rich (left) cowpie at 645 N. Michigan Avenue at Erie Street.

"The cows had an inanimate roommate to get them used to the bovines scattered through­out the city.

Since the cows are fiberglass it was believed that they wouldn’t leave a mess (cow pies). To the horror of many, oddly shaped—and decorated—deposits began to appear on some of the cows’ pedestals. Chicago artist Robert Koutny launched his own public art project: Cow Pies on Parade. He thought that Cows on Parade was being taken too seriously and thought the pies would make people laugh. Cow pies are made out of foam that resembles cow droppings. He decided to start his own art display. Each cow pie resembled the cow that it was placed near—or under. Most—if not all—of the pies have been removed from the herd.

For anyone who cannot make it into Chicago for the auction, there are cows available for auction online through Metromix. Bidding will begin on November 1. For those who plan to attend the auction at the Chicago Theatre, Ticketmaster has the ticket for sale. Pre-auction viewing will be from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. The theater will re­open at 5 p.m. with bidding starting at 6:30 p.m.

Most people do not have the room for a life-sized cow, but there are plenty of items available for momento. Anything that you can imprint a cow on can be found at the store in the Cultural Center and the Water Works building. There is also an online merchant­ship site at Chicago Store Online. Bes­ide T-shirts, there are wristwatches, teapots, and silk cow neckties. Three posters are available, Bungee cows (a type of yo-yo) and the item most in de­mand: the milkshake, a small plush cow that vibrates when you pull a cord.

The official Cows on Parade book, by Mary Ellen Sullivan, has just been released. The book is divided into three sections. The first section explains why the cows came to Chicago. The second section explains the role cows have played in Chicago history and the historical significance behind some of the Cows on Parade. The final part of the book focuses on Chicago at present. Sullivan had only two weeks to start and finish the entire book. "It was cows night and day," she said, "I was living, eating, and sleeping cows."

Sponsors that are keeping their cows will use them as they wish. It is surmised that ‘Holy Cow’ will find a home at Sponsor Harry Caray’s Restau­rant, 435 N. Michigan Avenue.

Many ideas have already sur­faced from painted pandas, to baby el­phants and 'Squirrels on Parade." Tempo, Chicago Tribune invites everyone’s suggestions. If you have a bright and/or usual idea, write to Tempo, Chicago Tribune, 435 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60611 or email them at se­tempo@tribune.com.

Tempo, Chicago Tribune, 435 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago, IL 60611 or email them at se­tempo@tribune.com.

Milton Glaser Cow Poster, vertical, is one of many items for sale as memorabilia. This poster is priced at $28.00.

Other items for sale include t-shirts, neckties, and wrist­watches.

For those who do not have the room for a cow, the is the Cows on Parade book, by Mary Ellen Sullivan.
Bob Dylan visits U. Illinois
to play for 'family'
by Cindy Gierhart
Daily Illini (U. Illinois)
10/28/1999

(U-WIRE) CHAMPAIGN, Ill.—A national family of groupies swiped into town Tuesday and Wednesday to see Phil Lesh, Bob Dylan, and others play at Assembly Hall on Wednesday night and to reunite with friends.

Hundreds of people selling hemp jewelry, water pipes, and tie-dyed clothing lined the parking lot of Assembly Hall. Crowds of free-spirited groupies with dreadlocks and loose clothing mingled with their "family" and sold their merchandise before the show started.

Most of the flowers said rarely does anyone travel together, but many of them know each other from following other tours. This group of people makes up the family, said Ed, from Massachusetts. Ed makes just enough money selling burritos outside the shows to get him from one concert to the next.

Most of the groupies call each other by their first names or nicknames and declined to give their last names.

The show was the first on the tour that Bob Dylan played, though the majority of fans said they were there to see Phil Lesh, the bassist from the Grateful Dead who has been touring. Hardly anyone actually had tickets to the show but said they knew they would not have a hard time finding some.

"Funk," 32, from Washington D.C., was impressed with the University police.

"These cats seem to be pretty mellow so far as the fuzz goes," Funk said. He arrived Tuesday from the last concert in Denver, where he said a female police officer hit his head into a wall three times. Funk

Photos with Santa Claus
Navy Pier
600 E. Grand Ave.
Santa will greet children, listen to their holiday wishes and poses for photographs.

Nov. 21 - Dec. 24
Sundays at 6 p.m. - 7 p.m., Mondays at 11 a.m. - 7 p.m., Tuesdays at 11 a.m. - 7 p.m., Wednesdays at 11 a.m. - 7 p.m., Thursdays at 11 a.m. - 7 p.m., Fridays at 11 a.m. - 7 p.m., Saturdays at 11 a.m. - 7 p.m.

Information: 312-595-5100

Sleigh Rides
Navy Pier
600 E. Grand Ave.
Horse-drawn sleigh rides along Dock Street.

Nov. 21 - Jan. 3, 2000
Sundays at 11 a.m. - 7 p.m., Mondays at 12 p.m. - 6 p.m., Tuesdays at 12 p.m. - 6 p.m., Wednesdays at 12 p.m. - 6 p.m., Thursdays at 12 p.m. - 6 p.m., Fridays at 12 p.m. - 6 p.m., Saturdays at 11 a.m. - 7 p.m.

Information: 312-595-5100

Brigadoon
Drury Lane Oakbrook Terrace
If there's a single great Scottish tragedy, there's also one great Scottish musical — this 1947 hit by Allan Jay Lerner and Frederick Loewe (creators of "My Fair Lady," "Gigi" and "Cameolet") Opened in a revival by Ray Frenwel, the wistful tale shows how two jaded Americans, lost in the Scottish highlands, stumble upon a quaint and timeless 17th Century village that appears for one day only, once a century. That's very little time for a romance to bloom between Tommy, a sophisticated New Yorker, and Fiona, a lassie trapped in time and now in love. As the lovers, Sean Krell and Cory Goodrich head a cast of 21, with Heidi Kettnering as the man-chasing maid who goes for Steve Full, the comic American "second man." —Lawrence Bommer

Through Jan. 2, 2000
Sundays 2:30 p.m., 7 p.m., Wednesdays 8 p.m.

Thursdays 2 p.m., 8 p.m.

Fridays 8:30 p.m.

Saturdays 5:30 p.m., 9 p.m.

Price: $19 to $25, $19 to $25. Dinner theater packages range $30-50-78-75

Tickets: Box office 630-530-8300.

Fosse
Oriental Theatre, Ford Center for the Performing Arts
24 W. Randolph St.
A revue presenting a generous sampling of song and dance from the lifetime work of Broadway director/choreographer Bob Fosse.

Through Jan. 8, 2000
Sundays 3 p.m.

Tuesdays 7:30 p.m.

Wednesdays 2 p.m., 7:30 p.m.

Thursdays 7:30 p.m.

Fridays 8 p.m.

Saturdays 2 p.m., 8 p.m.

Price: $17.50 to $65

Tickets: Box office 312-902-1400.

Hysteria
Steppenwolf Theatre Company
1650 N. Halsted St.
Terry Johnson's madcap comedy about Sigmund Freud's last days.

Nov. 26 - Jan. 22, 2000
Sundays 3 p.m., 7:30 p.m.

Tuesdays 7:30 p.m.

Wednesdays 7:30 p.m., 2 p.m.

Thursdays 7:30 p.m.

Fridays 7:30 p.m.

Saturdays 3 p.m., 7 p.m.

Price: Call for ticket information

Tickets: Box office 312-335-1650.

Popcorn
Problems Theatre
4147 N. Broadway
It's a classic case of watching your chickens come home to roost. In "Popcorn," a Hollywood director who specializes in big-screen mayhem discovers that his home has been invaded by two notorious serial killers who get the idea for their killing spree from the director's ruthless movie characters. Bruce Dernlilait, the director, returns from winning an Oscar for his work on a popular, Quentin Tarantino-style bloodfest, only to encounter these avid fans whose murder spree is a precise pastiche to Bruce's bloody films. (It's not your usual kind of cinematic homage.) The killers have a dark purpose behind this visit and as the body count rises, Bruce may be their only means of escape. The ProIems Theatre presents the U.S. premiere of British satirist Iren Elton's table-turning comedy thriller, winner of the 1998 Laurence Olivier Award for best play and a hit at the Apollo Theatre in London's West End. (Elton is best known here as a writer for "Black Adder," "Mr. Bean" and "Thin Blue Line" television series.) Patrick Winkles directs a cast of nine —Lawrence Bommer

Through Nov. 21
Sundays 7 p.m.

Saturdays 8 p.m.

Price: $12 to $15

Information: 773-549-1815
I have a really long break between two of my classes, I mean we’re talking hours here. Even after finishing all of my homework, checking my e-mail, and sleeping, I still have something like three hours to kill. I live an hour away from campus, which is why I don’t drive home and then come back (also I don’t think I would come back, ever). What can I do to stimulate my brain and body and keep me awake for the class I’ve been hours for?

Sleepless at GSU

Dear IMSA,

Well we have found the student common youth, sounds as though you haven’t. In the Student Common you will find a large screen TV, a pool table, and a nice place to sleep (the couches are really comfy up there, take it from first hand experience). Also, here on campus we have an Olympic size swimming pool, a racket ball court, a gymnasium, and a fitness room (complete with treadmills, weight machines, free weights, stationary bikes, and a ski machines). As a student, you are able to use all of this wonderful stuff, for free during the week.

Now, if this stuff doesn’t keep you awake for your net class, my advice is buy some NADOZE because you have on boring teacher on your hands.

Dear IMSA,

A fellow student who happens to sit near me in one of my classes, has a bad problem with body odor. I mean bad. No matter where I sit in the classroom, this person seems to follow me. I like this person and we have some very interesting conversations, but sometimes I find it hard to breathe because of the fumes permeating from their body parts. How can I tactfully tell this person that they stink?

Holding My Breath

Dear IMSA,

I have a really bad habit of trying to talk to him/her after class about it, some opinionated professors are really good about removing their opinions from class participation grades. If at the end of the of the trimester you have a grade that you don’t believe is right, then I suggest you bring it up again with the professor. And if all else fails (including you), take to your advisor and ask him/her what to do about it. One more thing, don’t sweat the small stuff, most teachers are pretty cool when it comes down to class participation grades. Good Luck.

Dear IMSA,

I haven’t had a date in 16 months!! When ever I find a guy I like, he’s either married or to chicken to ask me out or for my number. Help! My friends all tell me that I’m too old fashioned and should ask for his number, what do you think?

Single Forever

Dear Single Forever,

Your friends are right, you are too old fashioned. It is time for you to bite the bullet and ask him out, going for coffee or lunch is a real nice place to start.

Advice from Ima Synick
Gary and Anthony see dancing pigs as they eat rancid ham.

**Crossword 101**

"College Teams"

By Gerry Frey

**ACROSS**
1. The Hawkeyes
2. Form 1040 line
3. Word with fan
4. Venetian blind part
5. Belief in God
6. Single
7. Tonight's host
8. Page of note
9. Brows
10. Colonel's Insignia
11. Singer Vaughan
12. Cone shape
13. Dissection locale
14. Hee Haw's San
15. Lawyer's exam
16. DC VIP
17. Seton Hall players
18. Exist
19. Prank
20. Cubic meter (French)
21. Hearst's San
22. Lawyer's exam
23. Hee Haw's San
24. Consume
25. Dissection locale
26. DC VIP
27. Seton Hall players
28. Exist
29. Prank
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88. Exist
89. Prank
90. Cubic meter (French)
91. Hearst's San
92. Lawyer's exam
93. Hee Haw's San
94. Consume
95. Dissection locale
96. DC VIP
97. Seton Hall players
98. Exist
99. Prank
100. Cubic meter (French)

**DOWN**
1. Small island
2. Sulfuric acid solution
3. Boston theater
4. Bikini for one
5. Computer init
6. Legumes
7. Moreno & Hayworth
8. Doctors' group
9. Tennessee players
10. Chemical suffix
11. Medical measurement
12. Word with air or comic
13. The Hurricane
14. Chief Justice Warren
15. Towel word
16. Word with lime
17. Carol
18. Model wood
19. Spit in The Tempest
20. Colgate's team
21. Mark McGwire, e.g.
22. Sea eagles
23. Pips
24. President Adams
25. Heroines
26. Relative
27. "What can't sex be like it is on 'Melrose Place'? Wild, frequent, and meaningless." - Robert Frost

**Quoteable Quote**

"Education is the ability to listen to almost anything without losing your temper or your self-confidence."

...Robert Frost
What does globalization mean to you?

**Tykie Reeves, College of Health Professions**
I think globalization is what the world is about and how we communicate in the world through the Internet, media, and reporting and how we bring about togetherness.

**Suzanne Schuma, College of Health Professions**
"With the increase in the computer use and the Internet, countries around the world are going to know more about one another and interact with one another through the economy and everything."

**Kia Polk, College of Arts and Sciences**
"Globalization means to me, an opportunity and prosperity for our country as opposed to other countries if we would export and import goods here."

**Diane Gates-Casy, professor, Library**
"A mind set that seeks to find ways to introduce a more international point of view and our curriculum to encourage our students and faculty who include these elements in their study to reach out to international students and to encourage the study of international issues."

**Dennis Thom, Learning Ass'Y Center Counselor**
"Globalization to me would mean all of the people on the planet are members of one family and we should try to act as one unit getting along with each other forgetting our prejudices."

**Andrea Young, College of Business and Public Administration**
"When I think of globalization, I think of economically, socially and culturally. It means the world is getting smaller and not larger."

**Vishal Chersku, graduate student in Computer Science**
"Coming together of most countries culturally and economic wise. Exporting things to people in different countries which brings about a cultural explosion. We will get to know people much better and appreciate the fact there are many other cultures around the world that you don't have in your own country."
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